SPECIALTY GUIDELINE MANAGEMENT

NOVOSEVEN RT (coagulation factor VIIa [recombinant])

POLICY

I. INDICATIONS

The indications below including FDA-approved indications and compendial uses are considered a covered benefit provided that all the approval criteria are met and the member has no exclusions to the prescribed therapy.

A. <u>FDA-Approved Indications</u>

- 1. Hemophilia A or hemophilia B with inhibitors
- 2. Congenital factor VII deficiency
- 3. Glanzmann's thrombasthenia
- 4. Acquired hemophilia

B. Compendial Uses

- 1. Acquired von Willebrand syndrome
- 2. Inhibitors to factor XI

All other indications are considered experimental/investigational and not medically necessary.

II. CRITERIA FOR INITIAL APPROVAL

A. Congenital Factor VII Deficiency

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for treatment of congenital factor VII deficiency.

B. Hemophilia A with Inhibitors

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for treatment of hemophilia A with inhibitors (see Appendix) when the inhibitor titer is \ge 5 Bethesda units per milliliter (BU/mL) or the member has a history of an inhibitor titer \ge 5 BU.

C. Hemophilia B with Inhibitors

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for treatment of hemophilia B with inhibitors (see Appendix) when the inhibitor titer is \ge 5 Bethesda units per milliliter (BU/mL) or the member has a history of an inhibitor titer \ge 5 BU.

D. Glanzmann's Thrombasthenia

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for treatment of Glanzmann's thrombasthenia.

E. Acquired Hemophilia

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for treatment of acquired hemophilia.

Novoseven RT 1947-A SGM P2021.docx

© 2020 CVS Caremark. All rights reserved.

This document contains confidential and proprietary information of CVS Caremark and cannot be reproduced, distributed or printed without written permission from CVS Caremark. This document contains prescription brand name drugs that are trademarks or registered trademarks of pharmaceutical manufacturers that are not affiliated with CVS Caremark.



F. Acquired von Willebrand Syndrome

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for treatment of acquired von Willebrand syndrome when other therapies failed to control the member's condition (e.g., desmopressin or factor VIII/von Willebrand factor).

G. Inhibitors to Factor XI

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for treatment of inhibitors to factor XI.

III. CONTINUATION OF THERAPY

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for continued treatment in members requesting reauthorization for an indication listed in Section II when the member is experiencing benefit from therapy (e.g., reduced frequency or severity of bleeds).

IV. APPENDIX

Appendix: Inhibitors - Bethesda Units (BU)

The presence of inhibitors is confirmed by a specific blood test called the Bethesda inhibitor assay.

- High-titer inhibitors:
 - <u>></u> 5 BU/mL
 - o Inhibitors act strongly and quickly neutralize factor
- Low-titer inhibitors:
 - < 5 BU/mL
 - o Inhibitors act weakly and slowly neutralize factor

V. REFERENCES

- 1. NovoSeven RT [package insert]. Plainsboro, NJ: Novo Nordisk Inc.; July 2020.
- National Institutes of Health. The diagnosis, evaluation, and management of von Willebrand disease. Bethesda, MD: US Dept of Health and Human Services, National Institutes of Health; 2007. NIH publication No. 08-5832
- 3. Tiede A, Rand J, Budde U, et al. How I treat the acquired von Willebrand syndrome. *Blood*. 2011;117(25):6777-85.
- 4. Federici AB, Budde U, Castaman G, Rand JH, Tiede A. Current diagnostic and therapeutic approaches to patients with acquired von Willebrand syndrome: a 2013 update. *Semin Thromb Hemost.* 2013;39(2):191-201.
- 5. O'Connell NM. Factor XI deficiency from molecular genetics to clinical management. *Blood Coagul Fibrinolysis.* 2003;14(Suppl 1):S59-S64.
- 6. Salomon O, Zivelin A, Livnat T, Seligsohn U. Inhibitors to factor XI in patients with severe factor XI deficiency. *Semin Hematol.* 2006;43(1 Suppl 1):S10-S12.
- 7. Srivastava A, Santagostino E, Dougall A, et al. WFH Guidelines for the Management of Hemophilia, 3rd edition. *Haemophilia*. 2020;26 Suppl 6:1-158. doi:10.1111/hae.14046.
- 8. National Hemophilia Foundation. MASAC recommendations concerning products licensed for the treatment of hemophilia and other bleeding disorders. Revised August 2020. MASAC Document #263.

Novoseven RT 1947-A SGM P2021.docx

© 2020 CVS Caremark. All rights reserved.

This document contains confidential and proprietary information of CVS Caremark and cannot be reproduced, distributed or printed without written permission from CVS Caremark. This document contains prescription brand name drugs that are trademarks or registered trademarks of pharmaceutical manufacturers that are not affiliated with CVS Caremark.



https://www.hemophilia.org/sites/default/files/document/files/263_treatment.pdf. Accessed November 20, 2020.

- 9. World Federation of Hemophilia. What are inherited platelet function disorders? http://www1.wfh.org/publication/files/pdf-1336.pdf. 2010. Accessed January 19, 2021.
- 10. World Federation of Hemophilia. Platelet function disorders. http://www1.wfh.org/publication/files/pdf-1147.pdf. 2008. Accessed January 19, 2021.
- 11. Rajpurkar M, Chitlur M, Recht M, Cooper DL. Use of recombinant activated factor VII in patients with Glanzmann's thrombasthenia: a review of the literature. *Haemophilia*. 2014;20(4):464-471.
- 12. Duga S, Salomon O. Congenital factor XI deficiency: an update. Semin Thromb Hemost. 2013;39(6):621-631.

Novoseven RT 1947-A SGM P2021.docx

© 2020 CVS Caremark. All rights reserved.

This document contains confidential and proprietary information of CVS Caremark and cannot be reproduced, distributed or printed without written permission from CVS Caremark. This document contains prescription brand name drugs that are trademarks or registered trademarks of pharmaceutical manufacturers that are not affiliated with CVS Caremark.

